

#### Instructions for Use

Magnetic 3D Cell Culture - 96-Well Bioprinting Kit / Order nos.: 655840 & 655841

The 96-Well Bioprinting Kit uses NanoShuttle<sup>™</sup>-PL, a nanoparticle assembly consisting of gold, iron oxide, and poly-L-lysine to magnetise cells. By magnetic forces due to magnet plates the cells can be aggregated to form structurally and biologically representative 3D models *in-vitro*. In this kit, cells in a 96-well plate are bioprinted using a magnetic drive to aggregate cells at the bottom of the well and culture to spheroids. The basic application of this technology is to create 3D cell cultures in a fast and easy workflow and then analyse them using common biological research techniques, such biochemical assays e.g., in drug or toxicity screenings.

#### **Intended Use**

For magnetisation of cells to use in 3D cell culture. For research use only. Cell culture disposable to be used by trained personnel in a laboratory surrounding.

### **Safety Precautions:**

To guarantee problem free and safe operation of the Bioprinting Kit please read these safety precautions before using.



The magnet plates contain strong neodymium magnets that must be handled with extreme care.

- When storing magnets in proximity to other magnets or materials that are attracted to magnets, take precautions so that objects do not slam together. Neodymium magnets are brittle and can shatter or crack, sometimes producing dangerous fragments moving at high speeds. Fingers can also be severely pinched between magnets or between magnets and certain metals.
- Keep the magnetic drives spatially separated and DO NOT put the drives together at any time. Due to the magnetic force, placing them in close proximity can cause them to "crash" together, resulting in damage to the drive magnets and / or structure.
- Persons with pacemakers or similar medical devices should not come near Neodymium magnets.
- Neodymium magnets can damage magnetic media such as credit cards, magnetic ID cards, televisions, computer memory, and computer monitors. Keep magnets at least 30 cm (12 in.) from these devices away.
- Neodymium magnets should not be burned or machined. They will lose their magnetic properties if heated above 80 °C (175 °F). DO NOT AUTOCLAVE the magnetic drives.
- Neodymium magnets are not toys. The magnetic drives should only be used for their intended purpose
  of levitation or bioprinting cell culture. Children should not be allowed to play with them.

Store the NanoShuttle<sup>™</sup>-PL vials at 4 °C to 40 °C until first use. After fist opening of the vial, the storage recommendation is 4 °C to 8 °C. DO NOT place the NanoShuttle<sup>™</sup>-PL at temperatures below 0° C (at 1 atm) or below water freezing temperature.

#### Instructions for Use

### 1. Treating Cells with NanoShuttle™-PL

- 1.1. Culture cells to 80 % confluence in a T-25, T-75, or T-175 culture flask using standard procedures in your laboratory for your specific cell type.
- 1.2. Homogenise NanoShuttle™-PL suspension in its vial by pipetting it up and down at least 10 times.
- 1.3. In general add 200 µL NanoShuttle™-PL for a T-25 flask, 600 µL NanoShuttle™-PL for a T-75 flask or 1,200 µL NanoShuttle™-PL for a T-175 flask directly to the media.

The amount of NanoShuttle™-PL added can be optimised for specific cell types by forming 3D cultures with more or less NanoShuttle™-PL before experimentation.

A benchmark concentration is 1  $\mu$ L / 10,000 cells.

1.4. Incubate cells with NanoShuttle™-PL overnight. NanoShuttle™-PL is brown in color. After incubation, the cells will appear peppered with the brown NanoShuttle™-PL.

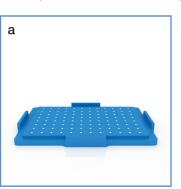
#### 2. Cell Detachment

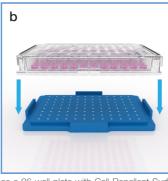
- 2.1. After incubation, warm/thaw Trypsin/EDTA solution, PBS, and media in a water bath to 37 °C.
- 2.2. In a sterile hood, aspirate all media (including excess NanoShuttle™-PL) from the flask.
- 2.3. Wash cells to remove any remaining media and excess NanoShuttle™-PL by adding PBS to the flask and gently agitating. We recommend 2 mL of PBS for a T-25 flask, 5 mL for a T-75 flask, and 10 mL for a T-175 flask.
- 2.4. Aspirate PBS and add Trypsin/EDTA solution to the flask. Add enough Trypsin/EDTA solution to cover the cell monolayer, about 1 mL to a T-25 flask, 2 mL to a T-75 flask, or 4 mL to a T-175 flask. Follow your laboratory's cell-specific 2D detachment protocols.
- 2.5. Place the flask in an incubator for approximately 3-5 minutes or for a time prescribed by your standard protocol for detaching cells. Check for detachment under a microscope.
- 2.6. While waiting for cells to detach, clean the magnetic drives that you will use by wiping them with 70 % ethanol. Keep the magnetic drives sterile.
- Do not soak drives in ethanol. Lightly spray and wipe to sterilise DO NOT AUTOCLAVE the magnetic drives.
- 2.7. Remove flask from incubator and check under a microscope that the cells are detached from the surface. Excess exposure to Trypsin/EDTA will adversely affect cell health, so proceed to the next step quickly.
- 2.8. Deactivate Trypsin/EDTA by adding 37 °C media with serum. The amount of media with serum added should at least match the original volume of Trypsin/EDTA added. If cells are sensitive to serum, either use trypsin neutralising solution, or immediately centrifuge cells (at least 100 G for 5 min) and aspirate the trypsin.
- 2.9. Count the cells using a hemacytometer or coulter counter. Centrifuge cells and resuspend them in the required amount of media (150 µL per culture in each well).

We recommend forming spheroids with 5.000 to 50.000 cells per well (33.333 to 333.333 cells/mL), but the number of cells per culture can be different. Cultures have successfully been formed with cell numbers from 2.000 to 100.000. Optimise the number of cells per culture by bioprinting cultures with more or less cells.

# 3. Spheroid Bioprinting

3.1. Place the 96-well plate with Cell-Repellent Surface on the spheroid drive and dispense 150 µL of the cell suspension into the wells of the plate (Figure 1).





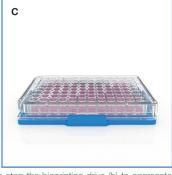


Figure 1: Take the bioprinting drive (a) and place a 96-well plate with Cell-Repellent Surface atop the bioprinting drive (b) to aggregate the cells (c).

- 3.2. Carefully move the plate in circles on the desk to force magnetised cells coming together.
- 3.3. Transfer the plate on the spheroid drive to an incubator for 15 min to a few hours to yield a competent spheroid. By this time the cells should begin to aggregate, forming a noticeably brown culture at the bottom of the well.
  - When moving the plate, keep the plate flat at all times. Tilting the plate could bring the 3D culture close to the magnet, where it could escape the media.

    Longer bioprinting times, although possible, may not be necessary, as the magnet will aggregate cells very quickly. Optimise the bioprinting time for your specific experiment so that the resulting spheroid can be removed from the magnet and still maintain its structure.
- 3.4. After bioprinting, remove the plate off the spheroid drive and transfer it back to the incubator for the length of the experiment. The spheroids can be cultured up to 3 weeks. If necessary, replace the media in the wells after 2-3 days of culture or as needed (4. Media exchange, Figure 2).

# 4. Media exchange and Post-Culture Handling

After culturing, standard tissue processing techniques can be performed on the 3D cultures, such as fixation, paraffin embedding for immunohistochemistry, or RNA isolation for qRT-PCR. If media exchange is necessary, use the holding drive to hold the 3D cultures down while aspirating liquids (Figure 2). The holding drive is designed that one magnet is adjacent to 4 wells, therefore holding the spheroids at the side of the well to pipette liquids out of the well without loss of the spheroids more easily.

- 4.1. Place the Cell-Repellent 96-well plate on the holding drive
- 4.2. Gently move the plate in circles on the desk to force magnetised cells move towards the side of the well. 4.3. Gently pipette media out placing the tip in the well at the opposite side from the magnet.
- If first time exchanging media with this cell type, we suggest transferring the aspirated media to a new Cell-Repellent plate to make sure no spheroids are lost.
- 4.4. Before adding media, place plate on spheroid drive to center the spheroids at the center of the well during this step.
- 4.5. Gently move the plate in circles on the desk to force magnetised cells move to the center of the well.
- 4.6. Add media.4.7. Remove the plate off the spheroid drive and visually inspect if spheroids are centered. If not, repeat the last two steps.



Figure 2: Use the holding drive to hold 3D cultures as you add and remove liquids

### **Cell types and Publications:**



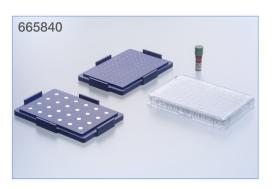
Cell types that have been successfully cultured and publications using the technology are listed on our website www.gbo.com/3dcellculture

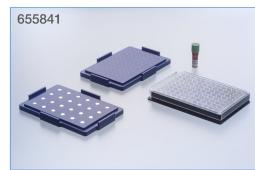


A video showing the handling of the magnetic 3D cell culture products and the experimental workflow is available on our website www.gbo.com/3dcellculture

# 96-Well Bioprinting Kits - Details and Product overview:

	Order no.	Product description	Content / Packaging						
	655840	96-Well Bioprinting Kit (clear plates)	2x Magnetic drives (spheroid and holding drive) 3x Vials NanoShuttle™-PL 2x 96-Well Microplates (clear) with Cell-Repellent Surface						
	655841	96-Well Bioprinting Kit (black μClear® plates)	2x Magnetic drives (spheroid and holding drive) 3x Vials NanoShuttle™-PL 2x 96-Well Microplates (black, µClear®) with Cell-Repellent Surface						





### Consumables

Order no.	Product description	Packaging		
655970	96-Well Microplate, PS, F-bottom/chimney well, Cell-Repellent surface, clear, with lid, sterile	1 piece / bag and 6 pieces / case		
655976	96-Well Microplate, PS, F-bottom/chimney well, Cell-Repellent surface, black, μClear®, with lid, sterile	8 pieces / bag and 32 pieces / case		
655976-SIN	96-Well Microplate, PS, F-bottom/chimney well, Cell-Repellent surface, black, μClear®, with lid, sterile	1 piece / bag and 32 pieces / case		
657841	NanoShuttle™-PL Refill	1 vial / case		
657843	NanoShuttle™-PL Refill 3 Pack	3 vials / case		
657846	NanoShuttle™-PL Refill 6 Pack	6 vials / case		
657852	NanoShuttle™-PL Refill 12 Pack	12 vials / case		

Troubleshooting						
Problem	Probable Case	Solution				
NanoShuttle™-PL appears clear	NanoShuttle™-PL has settled at the bottom of the vial	Homogenise the NanoShuttle™-PL before use by pipetting up and down at least 10 times				
NanoShuttle™-PL do not appear to fully bind with cells, floating in medium	Binding with NanoShuttle™-PL varies in efficiency among cell types	NanoShuttle™-PL will appear peppered on cells and some will float, but the cells are still magnetised. Add less NanoShuttle™-PL if too excessive.				
	Cells were incubated with Nano- Shuttle™-PL too long	Incubate cells with NanoShuttle™-PL overnight at most				
Cells taking longer than usual to detach	Cells strongly adhered to substrate	Before adding trypsin, wash flask with PBS 1-2 times				
NanoShuttle™-PL sparsely attached to cells	Too many cells	Increase NanoShuttle™-PL volume added to the cell culture flask to yield an ideal concentration of 1 µL/10,000 cells				
Cells are sensitive to serum	Cells may undergo unwanted differentiation with serum	Use a trypsin-neutralising solution in lieu of serum-containing media to stop trypsin activity.  Centrifuge cells immediately after trypsination and remove trypsin solution				
Magnetised cells attaching to bottom of the plate	Magnetised cells are weakly or not bound to NanoShuttle™-PL	Use Cell-Repellent plates to prevent cells from adhering and collect weakly magnetised cells				
Spheroid appears spread out	Cells have not been bioprinted for enough time	Bioprint the cells longer and carefully monitor the formation of the 3D culture				
3D cultures are lost or broken when removing liquids	3D culture is not held down while liquids are transferred	Use the holding drive to hold down cultures while adding and removing liquids				
When bioprinting, there are multiple spheroids per well formed	Not all cells are collected by the magnet	Use the bioprinting drive to bring cells together, and gently move the plate in circles on the desk to force magnetised cells to better aggregate				
		Hold the cells longer on the magnetic				

# Warranty

The Greiner Bio-One magnet plates are warranted to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of 2 years from the date of purchase. The warranty is valid only if the product is used in its intended purpose and within the guidelines specified in this instruction manual. In the event that service or technical support is required, please contact your nearest Greiner Bio-One office or authorized distributor.

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For further information please visit our website www.dbo.com/3dcellculture or contact us:

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